

CASE # 1 :

In the second period, A2 is holding the ball for an alternating possession throw-in, when A4 is assessed a foul for holding B4. The foul is ruled as a team control foul.

QUESTION :

Is the ruling correct ?

ANSWER :

Team B shall be awarded a throw-in at the nearest spot to where the foul occurred. Because the alternating possession throw-in was not completed, the arrow shall remain in Team A's favour.

REFERENCES :

Article 12.5.6

CASE # 2 :

On the opening jump ball, jumper A1 taps the ball toward A3, who is in the Team A backcourt. A3 immediately taps the ball toward Team A's frontcourt. A4 jumps from the Team A frontcourt and catches the ball while still airborne, then lands with one foot in the frontcourt and one foot in the backcourt. A4 then passes the ball to A5, who is in Team A's backcourt.

QUESTION :

Is this a back over center violation on Team A ?

ANSWER :

No.

A4's gaining control of the ball while airborne is a new team control for Team A and thus A4 is permitted to land with one or both feet in Team A's backcourt. Because the ball does not have front court status, A4's pass to A5 is legal. When A4 gains control of the ball while airborne, the shot clock shall start and the AP arrow shall be set toward Team B's basket. When A4 lands with one foot in Team A's backcourt, the back court count shall start.

REFERENCES :

Articles : 28.11 , 29.11 , 30.1.2 and 50.1.

CASE # 3 :

While A1 is in the act of shooting, B5 commits an off ball foul on A4. The try for goal is then released by A1 and the ball enters the basket. The foul by B5 is Team B's 3rd foul of the period. When the foul was called the shot clock showed 20 seconds.

QUESTION :

Shall A1's basket count and shall the shot clock be reset to 24 seconds ?

ANSWER :

Whenever a defender's foul is committed , while a player is in the act of shooting, the ball shall remain alive and the player shall be permitted to complete his/her try for goal. The basket, if successful, shall count. Team A shall be awarded a throw-in at a designated spot , nearest to where the foul was committed, but not under the backboard. The shot clock shall remain at 20 seconds.

REFERENCES :

Articles : 34.2.2 and 50.4

CASE # 4 :

Assistant coach B approaches the Scorer's table and requests a time out, but only if Team A scores. Shortly after the request, B1 fouls A3. The Scorer then blows the horn and indicates that Team B has requested a time-out.

QUESTION :

Was the scorer's action correct ?

ANSWER :

Yes.

The scorer is correct in informing the officials that Team B has requested a time-out; however there cannot be any conditions permitted when a coach requests a time-out. Once a time-out has been requested, it shall be granted the next time the game is stopped by an on court official. Even though the officials have not stopped the game, a time-out may also be granted after a made field goal by the opponent of the team that has made the request.

REFERENCES :

Article 18.2.3

CASE # 5 :

With 55 seconds remaining in the 4th period and 8 seconds on the shot clock, B5 commits an unsportsmanlike foul on A1. A1 is awarded 2 free throws followed by a Team A throw-in at the center line extended opposite the scorer's table. Following A1's free throws, coach A requests and is granted a time-out.

QUESTION :

Where shall Team A's throw-in occur ?

ANSWER :

After the time-out, a throw-in shall be awarded to Team A at the center line opposite the scorer's table. The throw-in that follows free throws which resulted from an unsportsmanlike, disqualifying or technical foul shall always be administered at the center line extended with a reset of the shot clock to 24.

REFERENCES :

Articles : 36.4.2; 37.2.2 and 38.2.4.

CASE # 6 :

While advancing the ball from the backcourt, A5 attempts a pass to A4. The pass is unsuccessful but the ball hits A4 who has one foot in the backcourt and one foot in the frontcourt. After hitting A4's foot, the ball bounces back into Team A's backcourt where A5 recovers the ball.

QUESTION :

Is this a Team A violation ?

ANSWER :

No.

When the ball contacts A4, who is straddling the center line, the ball still has backcourt status. Therefore this is not an over and back violation and the officials back court count shall continue against Team A.

REFERENCES :

Article 28.1.2